

Many endangered species will face if they are not protected.

1) conservation

2) extinction

3) attention

4) creation

The Earth that we is only one of the smallest planets in the galaxy.

1) orbit

2) inhabit

3) recover

4) attend

My flight at 10:15 tomorrow, so I need to get to the airport by 9:00 .

1) leaves

2) leaving

3) going to leave

4) won't leave

Theyou get, the you will be in the family.

- 1) older – most beautiful**
- 2) oldest – more beautiful**
- 3) oldest – most beautiful**
- 4) older – more beautiful**

They have a carpet in their house.

- 1) new round white**
- 2) white new round**
- 3) round white new**
- 4) new white round**

We have to take care of our

1) organs bodies

2) bodies organs

3) body organs

4) organs body

Reading comprehension:

Lions rival tigers for the title of the biggest cat. In fact, lions and tigers are so similar in their physical features that without their distinctively colored fur, soft hair that covers the bodies of some animals, even scientists have trouble telling them apart. Male lions weigh between 150 and 250 kg (330 and 550 lb) and stand about 123 cm (about 48 in) tall at the shoulder. They measure up to 250 cm (98 in) in length, not including the tail, which measures an additional 90 to 105 cm (35 to 41 in). Female lions are smaller, weighing between 120 and 182 kg (265 and 400 lb). They stand about 107 cm (about 42 in) tall and measure less than 175 cm (less than 69 in) in length, with a slightly shorter tail.

Adult lions have fur that varies in color from light brown to reddish brown. The fur of the tail is darker. Only male lions grow a mane, the long hair around the shoulders, which grows darker and fuller as the animal ages. Cubs are born with thickly spotted fur, which helps them hide from dangerous animals. The spots gradually lose color as the cubs grow up, sometimes remaining on the legs and belly until the lion grows fully.

It can be understood from the passage that lions and tigers

- 1) are very similar in form**
- 2) are each other's enemies**
- 3) are mentioned together in all scientists' reports**
- 4) are the biggest animals in some parts of the world**

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A male lion is long (including its tail).

- 1) over three meters**
- 2) two and a half meters**
- 3) one meter and 23 centimeters**
- 4) less than three meters**

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What does paragraph 1 mainly discuss?

- 1) What makes scientists confused about lions**
- 2) Why male and female lions are different**
- 3) Physical features of lions**
- 4) Difference in length between lions**

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Which of the following words is defined in the passage?

- 1) spot
- 2) shoulder
- 3) mane
- 4) cub